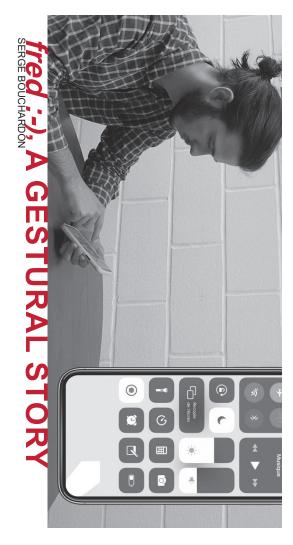
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To what extent can a story be based on the user's gestural interactions with a mobile phone? In the application fred:), the smartphone speaks to the user as if he or she were its "friend", hoping to start a relationship. The experience relies on a smart-phone's many sensors (touchscreen, front-facing camera, microphone, accelerometer, and gyroscope). The user has to perform different gestures (see figure 1): smile, talk, tickle, stroke, pinch, tap, shake, play with the light, and the volume. How do the different interactions contribute to the interactive and the building of emotions?

Gesture And Meaning

Yves Jeanneret (2000) claims that the simple act of turning the page of a book "does not suppose a priori any particular interpretation of the text." However, "in an interactive work clicking on a hyperword or on an icon is, in itself, an act of interpretation (Jeanneret, 2000, p.113). Jeanneret further suggests that the interactive gesture consists above all in "an interpretation realized through a gesture" (Jeanneret, 2000, p.121). However, the distinction that Jeanneret proposes between turning a page and clicking on a hyperlink is not necessarily ob-

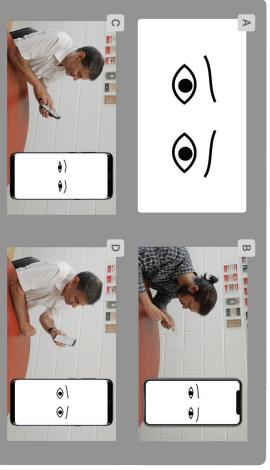


Figure 1. A) fred's eyes, B) talk, C) tickle, D) shake

vious and could be criticized. Moreover, the limits of *interpretation* are stretched quite dramatically if any clicking is considered as interpretative. It can yet be pointed out that, in an interactive work, the gesture acquires a particular role, which fully contributes to the construction of meaning (Bouchardon, 2018). This is the case in the interactive narrative *fred:-).*

Some typologies of gestures already exist (see for instance the gesture icons in figure 2 which are listed among others in (Andrew, 2020)), and the repertoire of these gestures is continually expanding. In *fred:-*), these gestures allow the story to

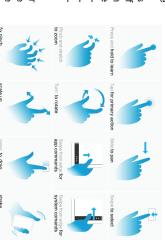


Figure 2. UX Gesture Icons by Gaoyounger

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Figure 4. Visual exploration for fred by the graphic designer Alexandre Truong

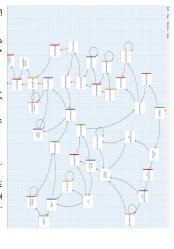


Figure 3. An excerpt from the scenario with Twine

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unfold. The objective was to articulate these gestures with the emotions of the character.

A Twine-Based Gestural Story

fred:-) is based on a scenario written with the open source software, *Twine* (https://twinery.org/). *fred:*-) has a hypertextual structure (cf. figure 3), and terface. You can only see the eyes of fred. This hyperlink, as in many Twine-based stories). There is no link or reactive element displayed on the indifferent gestures (and not via a mouse click on a one step to another can only be realized through its originality lies in the fact that the passage from

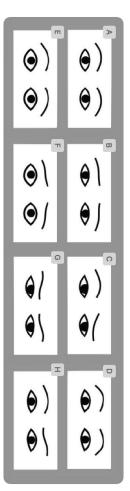
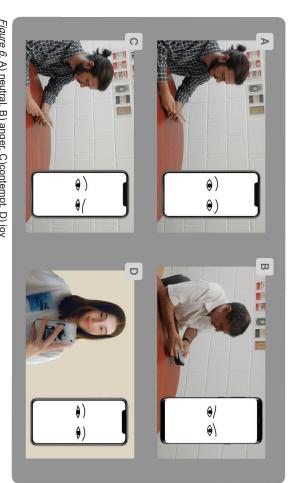
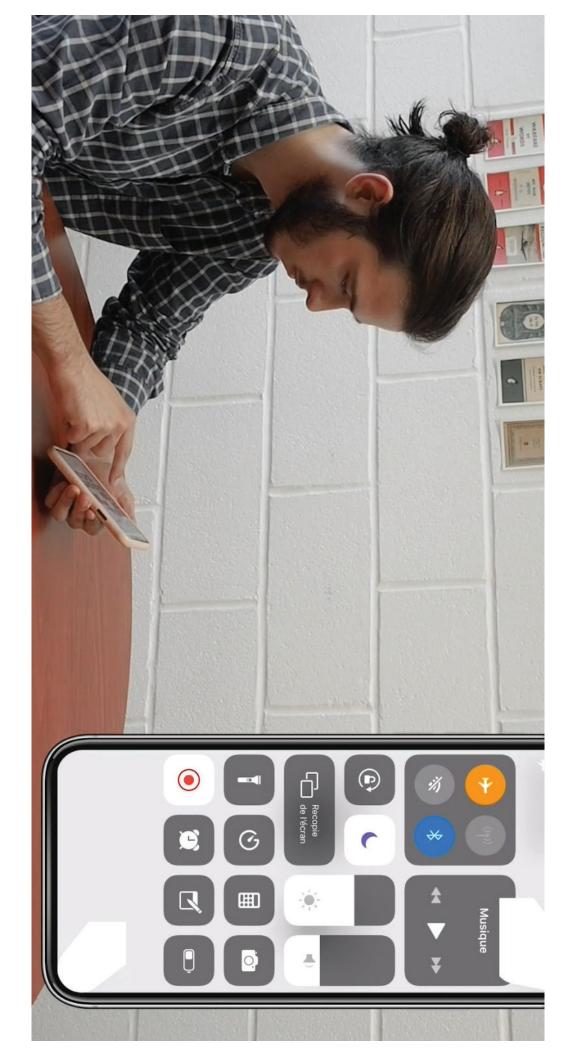


Figure 5. Expression of different emotions: A) neutral, B) sadness, C) contempt, D) joy, E) surprise, F) fear, G) anger, H) disgust

Figure 6. A) neutral, B) anger, C)contempt, D) joy





teracting with the character increases the user's impression that he/she is in-

The Emotions Projected Onto The Bot

drive the creation of various forms of bots to which humans may form strong emotional attachments. forces, customer demand, and other factors may beings may begin to form in the near future. Market Intimate relationships between bots and human

eyes are enough to project many emotions. First we worked on the representation of the eyes. Sev-Which emotions can one project on a bot? Two

> connect from the internet by activating the flight Figure 7. (pages 45-46) The user is asked to dis-

desire to help the character, to penetrate his/her world. Other authors consider that identification the French version). What do we feel for fred? Empathy or identification? Françoise Lavocat (2016) may be linked to passivity (in the sense of non-inpostulates that empathy is based on the hampered

Intimate relationships between bots and human beings may begin es. And actually, fred tells us that in many aspects we bear a resemblance with him/her to absorb everything that the character experiencteractivity), passivity which would make it possible

simple enough to avoid the "uncanny valley" be easily animated (low geometric complexity) and simple enough to avoid the "uncanny valley" (cf. eral graphic sketches were created, designed to

clearly represent a wide range of emotions that eyelids as well as eyebrows were required to Design C was eventually chosen, as it turned out

and a female voice (both for the English and for cation, there is a random choice between a male very important role. When the user starts the appliemotions (cf. figures 5 and 6). The voice plays a Then we worked on the representation of different

> With *fred* :-), we might feel some empathy, but there is above all a reversal of situation. Fred plays with us, with our reactions and gestural manipulaonto a bot? flexive: how do we feel when we project emotions tions, so that in the end, the feeling is mostly re-

Digital Literacy

on the relationship they have with these devices. It users to become aware of the constraints and possibilities of smartphones and makes them reflect Through a series of interactions, fred :-) enables

> one branch of the scenario, the user is asked to disconnect from the internet. To do that, the user can is also a digital literacy challenge. For instance, in activate the flight mode for instance (figure 7).

phones, particularly in terms of gestures. In the end, the users will hopefully become familiarized with the different possibilities of their smart-

gestural and reflexive story. This story for smartphones is first and foremost a

broadly on its use lationship they have with a smartphone, and more ticular and make them reflect on the emotional re-The creation fred :-) may "touch" teenagers in par

References

speckyboy.com/free-gesture-icon-sets/ for Mobile App Designers", Speckyboy, https:// Andrew, P. (2020). "15 Free Gesture Icon Sets

other factors may drive the creation of various forms of bots to to form in the near future. Market forces, customer demand, and

which humans may form strong emotional attachments

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Lavocat F. (2016). Fait et fiction. Pour une fron tière. Paris: Seuil

glish and French. fred :-) is freely available on both stores, in En-

details?id=com.utc.fred -Play Store: <u>https://play.google.com/store/apps/</u>

-App Store: https://apps.apple.com/us/app/fred/id1466792875

Video capture of some interactions:

-https://youtu.be/iLg5dTQgcQl (English)

.<u>https://youtu.be/keYj7bJEwd0_</u>(French)

Acknowledgements

of engineering students from the Université de technologie de Compiègne (France) fred :-) has been developed with the collaboration